

News Release

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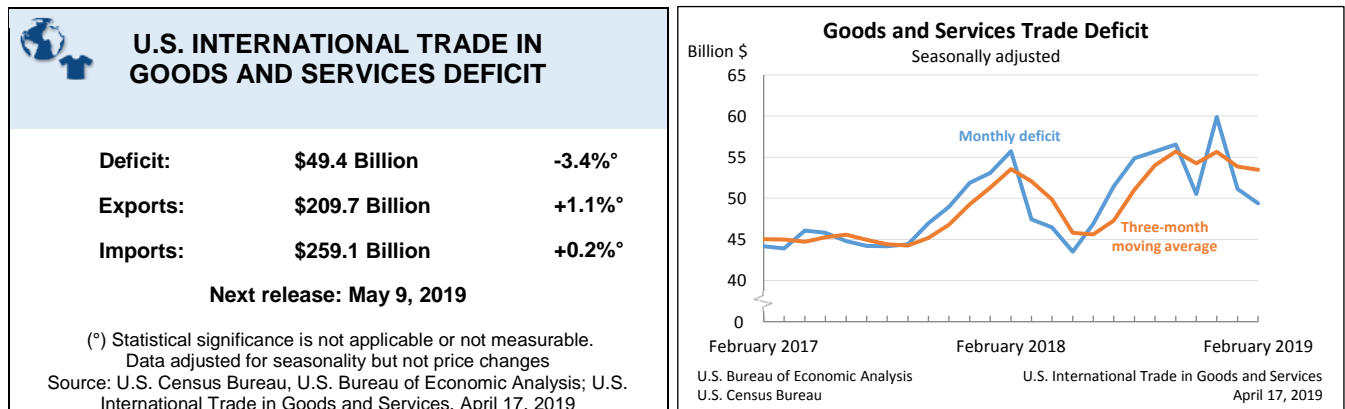
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U.S. International Trade in Goods and Services February 2019

The U.S. Census Bureau and the U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis announced today that the **goods and services deficit** was \$49.4 billion in February, down \$1.8 billion from \$51.1 billion in January, revised.



Exports, Imports, and Balance (exhibit 1)

February exports were \$209.7 billion, \$2.3 billion more than January exports. February imports were \$259.1 billion, \$0.6 billion more than January imports.

The February decrease in the goods and services deficit reflected a decrease in the goods deficit of \$1.2 billion to \$72.0 billion and an increase in the services surplus of \$0.5 billion to \$22.6 billion.

Year-to-date, the goods and services deficit decreased \$8.3 billion, or 7.6 percent, from the same period in 2018. Exports increased \$11.1 billion or 2.7 percent. Imports increased \$2.8 billion or 0.5 percent.

Three-Month Moving Averages (exhibit 2)

The average goods and services deficit decreased \$0.4 billion to \$53.5 billion for the three months ending in February.

- Average exports increased \$0.1 billion to \$207.5 billion in February.
- Average imports decreased \$0.3 billion to \$261.0 billion in February.

Year-over-year, the average goods and services deficit decreased \$0.1 billion from the three months ending in February 2018.

- Average exports increased \$3.8 billion from February 2018.
- Average imports increased \$3.7 billion from February 2018.

Exports (exhibits 3, 6, and 7)

Exports of goods increased \$2.1 billion to \$139.5 billion in February.

Exports of goods on a Census basis increased \$1.9 billion.

- Capital goods increased \$2.1 billion.
 - Civilian aircraft increased \$2.2 billion.
- Automotive vehicles, parts, and engines increased \$0.6 billion.
- Industrial supplies and materials decreased \$0.4 billion.

Net balance of payments adjustments increased \$0.2 billion.

Exports of services increased \$0.2 billion to \$70.1 billion in February.

- Transport increased \$0.2 billion.
- Other business services, which includes research and development services; professional and management services; and technical, trade-related, and other services, increased \$0.1 billion.

Imports (exhibits 4, 6, and 8)

Imports of goods increased \$0.9 billion to \$211.6 billion in February.

Imports of goods on a Census basis increased \$0.8 billion.

- Consumer goods increased \$1.6 billion.
 - Cell phones and other household goods increased \$2.1 billion.
- Other goods increased \$0.5 billion.
- Industrial supplies and materials decreased \$1.2 billion.

Net balance of payments adjustments increased \$0.1 billion.

Imports of services decreased \$0.3 billion to \$47.5 billion in February.

- Transport decreased \$0.2 billion.
- Travel (for all purposes including education) decreased \$0.1 billion.
- Government goods and services increased \$0.1 billion.

Real Goods in 2012 Dollars – Census Basis (exhibit 11)

The real goods deficit decreased \$1.8 billion to \$81.8 billion in February.

- Real exports of goods increased \$0.8 billion to \$150.7 billion.
- Real imports of goods decreased \$0.9 billion to \$232.5 billion.

Revisions

Revisions to January exports

- Exports of goods were revised up \$0.1 billion.
- Exports of services were revised down less than \$0.1 billion.

Revisions to January imports

- Imports of goods were revised down less than \$0.1 billion.
- Imports of services were revised up less than \$0.1 billion.

Goods by Selected Countries and Areas: Monthly – Census Basis (exhibit 19)

The February figures show surpluses, in billions of dollars, with South and Central America (\$3.7), Hong Kong (\$2.8), United Kingdom (\$0.9), Brazil (\$0.6), Singapore (\$0.4), Canada (\$0.4), and OPEC (\$0.3). Deficits were recorded, in billions of dollars, with China (\$30.1), European Union (\$12.4), Mexico (\$7.7), Japan (\$6.7), Germany (\$5.5), Italy (\$2.8), South Korea (\$2.4), India (\$2.2), France (\$2.2), Taiwan (\$1.7), and Saudi Arabia (\$0.3).

- The deficit with China decreased \$3.1 billion to \$30.1 billion in February. Exports increased \$1.6 billion to \$9.2 billion and imports decreased \$1.5 billion to \$39.3 billion.
- The surplus with Hong Kong increased \$1.0 billion to \$2.8 billion in February. Exports increased \$0.9 billion to \$3.2 billion and imports decreased \$0.1 billion to \$0.3 billion.
- The deficit with Japan increased \$1.3 billion to \$6.7 billion in February. Exports decreased \$1.1 billion to \$5.7 billion and imports increased \$0.2 billion to \$12.4 billion.

* * *

All statistics referenced are seasonally adjusted; statistics are on a balance of payments basis unless otherwise specified. Additional statistics, including not seasonally adjusted statistics and details for goods on a Census basis, are available in exhibits 1-20b of this release. For information on data sources, definitions, and revision procedures, see the explanatory notes in this release. The full release can be found at www.census.gov/foreign-trade/Press-Release/current_press_release/index.html or www.bea.gov/data/intl-trade-investment/international-trade-goods-and-services. The full schedule is available in the Census Bureau's Economic Briefing Room at www.census.gov/economic-indicators/ or on BEA's Web site at www.bea.gov/news/schedule.

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Next release: May 9, 2019, at 8:30 A.M. EDT
U.S. International Trade in Goods and Services, March 2019

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Notice

Country Name Change

With the release of the “U.S. International Trade in Goods and Services, March 2019” report (FT-900) on May 9, 2019, references to Macedonia will be replaced with North Macedonia to reflect the country’s recent name change. This change will also align with the name recognized by the U.S. Department of State and the International Organization for Standardization. This change will affect exhibit 4 of the FT-900 Supplement.

Upcoming Updates to Goods and Services

With the releases of the “U.S. International Trade in Goods and Services, April 2019” report (FT-900) and the FT-900 Annual Revision on June 6, 2019, statistics on trade in goods, on both a Census basis and a balance of payments (BOP) basis, and statistics on trade in services will be revised beginning with 2014. The revised statistics for goods on a BOP basis and for services will also be included in the “U.S. International Transactions, First Quarter 2019 and Annual Update” report and in the [international transactions interactive database](#), both to be released by the U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA) on June 20, 2019.

Revised seasonally adjusted statistics will reflect the incorporation of recalculated seasonal and trading-day adjustments beginning with 2014. With the annual update in 2018, BEA extended the period for incorporating revised seasonal adjustments for services statistics from 3 to 5 years. With the upcoming annual update, BEA and the U.S. Census Bureau will also extend the period for incorporating revised seasonal and trading-day adjustments for goods statistics from 3 to 5 years.

In addition, revised statistics on trade in goods beginning with 2016 will reflect 1) corrections and adjustments to previously published not seasonally adjusted statistics for goods on a Census basis, 2) reclassifications of several end-use commodities, and 3) newly available and revised source data on BOP adjustments, which are adjustments that BEA applies to goods on a Census basis to convert them to a BOP basis. For more information on BOP adjustments, see the “Goods (balance of payments basis)” section in the explanatory notes.

Revised statistics on trade in services beginning with 2016 will also reflect 1) newly available and revised source data, primarily from BEA’s surveys of international services transactions, and 2) revised temporal distributions of quarterly source data to monthly statistics (see the “Services” section in the explanatory notes for more information).

A preview of BEA’s 2019 annual update of the international transactions accounts appears in the [April 2019 issue of the Survey of Current Business](#).

If you have questions, please contact the Census Bureau, Economic Indicators Division, on (800) 549-0595, option 4, or at eid.international.trade.data@census.gov or BEA, Balance of Payments Division, at InternationalAccounts@bea.gov.

Explanatory Notes

Goods (Census basis)

Data for goods on a Census basis are compiled from the documents collected by U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) and reflect the movement of goods between foreign countries and the 50 states, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, and U.S. Foreign Trade Zones. They include government and non-government shipments of goods and exclude shipments between the United States and its territories and possessions; transactions with U.S. military, diplomatic, and consular installations abroad; U.S. goods returned to the United States by its Armed Forces; personal and household effects of travelers; and in-transit shipments. The General Imports value reflects the total arrival of merchandise from foreign countries that immediately enters consumption channels, warehouses, or Foreign Trade Zones.

For imports, the value reported is the CBP-appraised value of merchandise—generally, the price paid for merchandise for export to the United States. Import duties, freight, insurance, and other charges incurred in bringing merchandise to the United States are excluded. The exception is exhibit 17a, which shows CIF import value. The CIF (cost, insurance, and freight) value represents the landed value of the merchandise at the first port of arrival in the United States. It is computed by adding import charges to the customs value and therefore excludes U.S. import duties.

Exports are valued at the f.a.s. (free alongside ship) value of merchandise at the U.S. port of export, based on the transaction price including inland freight, insurance, and other charges incurred in placing the merchandise alongside the carrier at the U.S. port of exportation.

Revision procedure (Census basis)

Monthly revisions: Monthly data include actual month's transactions as well as a small number of transactions for previous months. Each month, the U.S. Census Bureau revises the aggregate seasonally adjusted (current and real, or chained-dollar) and unadjusted export, import, and trade balance figures, as well as the end-use totals for the prior month. Country detail data and commodity detail data, based on the Standard International Trade Classification (SITC) Revision 4 and the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS), are not revised monthly. The timing adjustment shown in exhibit 14 is the difference between monthly data as originally reported and as recompiled.

For January, unadjusted exports of goods were revised up \$0.1 billion and unadjusted imports of goods were revised down less than \$0.1 billion. Goods carry-over in February

was \$0.3 billion (0.3 percent) for exports and \$0.1 billion (0.1 percent) for imports. For January, revised export carry-over was less than \$0.1 billion (less than 0.1 percent) and revised import carry-over was less than \$0.1 billion (less than 0.1 percent).

Quarterly revisions to chain-weighted dollar series: For March, June, September, and December statistical month releases, revisions are made to the real, or chained-dollar, series presented in exhibits 10 and 11: the previous five months are revised to incorporate the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics' (BLS) revisions to price indexes, which are used to produce the real series and to align Census data with data published by the U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA) in the national income and product accounts (NIPAs).

Annual revisions: Each June, not seasonally adjusted goods data are revised to redistribute monthly data that arrived too late for inclusion in the month of transaction. In addition, revisions are made to reflect corrections received subsequent to the monthly revisions. Seasonally adjusted data are also revised to reflect recalculated seasonal and trading-day adjustments. These revisions are reflected in totals, end-use, commodity, and country summary data.

Other revisions: For December and January statistical month releases, each prior month of the most recent full year is revised so that the totals of the seasonally adjusted months equal the annual totals.

U.S./Canada data exchange and substitution

Data for U.S. exports to Canada are derived from import data compiled by Canada. The use of Canada's import data to produce U.S. export data requires several alignments in order to compare the two series.

1. **Coverage** - Canadian imports are based on country of origin. U.S. goods shipped from a third country are included. U.S. exports exclude these foreign shipments. For February 2019, these shipments totaled \$222.9 million. U.S. export coverage also excludes U.S. postal shipments to Canada. For February 2019, these shipments totaled \$20.2 million.

U.S. import coverage includes shipments of railcars and locomotives from Canada. Effective with January 2004 statistics, Canada excludes these shipments from its goods exports to the United States, therefore creating coverage differences between the two countries for these goods.

2. **Valuation** - Canadian imports are valued at the point of origin in the United States. However, U.S. exports are valued at the port of exit in the United States and include inland freight charges, making the U.S. export

value slightly larger than the Canadian import value. Canada requires inland freight to be reported separately from the value of the goods. Combining the inland freight and the Canadian reported import value provides a consistent valuation for all U.S. exports. Inland freight charges for February 2019 accounted for 1.8 percent of the value of U.S. exports to Canada.

3. *Re-exports* - Unlike Canadian imports, which are based on country of origin, U.S. exports include re-exports of foreign goods. Therefore, the aggregate U.S. export figure is slightly larger than the Canadian import figure. For February 2019, re-exports to Canada were \$3,717.6 million.
4. *Exchange Rate* - Average monthly exchange rates are applied to convert the published data to U.S. currency. For February 2019, the average exchange rate was 1.3209 Canadian dollars per U.S. dollar.
5. *Other* - There are other minor differences, such as rounding error, that are statistically insignificant.

Canadian estimates: Effective with January 2001 statistics, the current month data for exports to Canada contain an estimate for late arrivals and corrections. In the following month, this estimate is replaced, in the news release exhibits only, with the actual value of late receipts and corrections. This estimate improves the current month data for exports to Canada and treats late receipts for exports to Canada in a manner that is more consistent with the treatment of late receipts for exports to other countries.

Nonsampling errors

The goods data are a complete enumeration of documents collected by CBP and are not subject to sampling errors. Quality assurance procedures are performed at every stage of collection, processing, and tabulation. However, the data are still subject to several types of nonsampling errors. The most significant of these include reporting errors, undocumented shipments, timeliness, data capture errors, and errors in the estimation of low-valued transactions.

Reporting errors: Reporting errors are mistakes or omissions made by importers, exporters, or their agents in their import or export declarations. Most errors involve missing or invalid commodity classification codes and missing or incorrect quantities or shipping weights. They have a negligible effect on aggregate import, export, and balance of trade statistics. However, they can affect the detailed commodity statistics.

Undocumented shipments: Federal regulations require importers, exporters, or their agents to report all merchandise shipments above established exemption levels. The Census Bureau has determined that not all required documents are filed, particularly for exports.

Timeliness and data capture errors: The Census Bureau captures import and export information from

administrative documents and through various automated collection programs. Documents may be lost, and data may be incorrectly keyed, coded, or recorded. Transactions may be included in a subsequent month's statistics if received late.

Low-valued transactions: The total values of transactions valued as much as or below \$2,500 for exports and \$2,000 (\$250 for certain quota items) for imports are estimated for each country, using factors based on the ratios of low-valued shipments to individual country totals for past periods.

The Census Bureau recommends that data users incorporate this information into their analyses, as nonsampling errors could impact the conclusion drawn from the results. See "[U.S. Merchandise Trade Statistics: A Quality Profile](#)" (October 2014) for a detailed discussion of errors affecting the goods data.

Area groupings

North America: Canada, Mexico.

Dominican Republic-Central America-United States Free Trade Agreement (CAFTA-DR): Costa Rica, Dominican Republic, El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras, Nicaragua.

Europe: Albania, Andorra, Armenia, Austria, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Belgium, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Faroe Islands, Finland, France, Georgia, Germany, Gibraltar, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Kazakhstan, Kosovo, Kyrgyzstan, Latvia, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Macedonia, Malta, Moldova, Monaco, Montenegro, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Russia, San Marino, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Svalbard-Jan Mayen Island, Sweden, Switzerland, Tajikistan, Turkey, Turkmenistan, Ukraine, United Kingdom, Uzbekistan, Vatican City.

European Union: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, United Kingdom.

Euro Area: Austria, Belgium, Cyprus, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Portugal, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain.

Pacific Rim: Australia, Brunei, China, Hong Kong, Indonesia, Japan, Korea (South), Macau, Malaysia, New Zealand, Papua New Guinea, Philippines, Singapore, Taiwan.

South/Central America: Anguilla, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Aruba, Bahamas, Barbados, Belize, Bermuda, Bolivia, Brazil, British Virgin Islands, Cayman Islands, Chile, Colombia, Costa Rica, Cuba, Curacao, Dominica, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, El Salvador, Falkland Islands (Islas Malvinas), French Guiana, Grenada, Guadeloupe, Guatemala, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Jamaica, Martinique, Montserrat, Netherlands Antilles, Nicaragua, Panama, Paraguay, Peru, Sint Maarten, St. Kitts and Nevis, St. Lucia, St. Vincent and the Grenadines, Suriname, Trinidad and Tobago, Turks and Caicos Islands, Uruguay, Venezuela.

Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC): Algeria, Angola, Congo (Brazzaville), Ecuador, Equatorial Guinea, Gabon, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Libya, Nigeria, Saudi Arabia, United Arab Emirates, Venezuela.

Africa: Algeria, Angola, Benin, Botswana, British Indian Ocean Territories, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cabo Verde, Cameroon, Central African Republic, Chad, Comoros, Congo (Brazzaville), Congo (Kinshasa), Djibouti, Egypt, Equatorial Guinea, Eritrea, Eswatini, Ethiopia, French Southern and Antarctic Lands, Gabon, Gambia, Ghana, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Ivory Coast, Kenya, Lesotho, Liberia, Libya, Madagascar, Malawi, Mali, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mayotte, Morocco, Mozambique, Namibia, Niger, Nigeria, Reunion, Rwanda, St. Helena, Sao Tome and Principe, Senegal, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Somalia, South Africa, South Sudan, Sudan, Tanzania, Togo, Tunisia, Uganda, Western Sahara, Zambia, Zimbabwe.

Adjustments for seasonal and trading-day variations

Goods are initially classified under the Harmonized Commodity Description and Coding System (Harmonized System), which is an internationally accepted standard for the commodity classification of traded goods. The Harmonized System describes and measures the characteristics of the goods and is the basis for the systems used in the United States: Schedule B for exports and Harmonized Tariff Schedule for imports. Combining trade into approximately 140 export and 140 import end-use categories makes it possible to examine goods according to their principal uses (see exhibits 7 and 8). These categories are used as the basis for computing the seasonal and trading-day adjusted data. These adjusted data are then summed to the six end-use aggregates for publication (see exhibit 6). The Census Bureau provides these data to BEA for use in the NIPAs and in the U.S. international transactions accounts (balance of payments accounts).

Exhibit 19 shows goods (Census basis) that are seasonally adjusted for selected countries and world areas. Unlike the commodity-based adjustments discussed above, these adjustments are developed and applied directly at the country and world area levels. For total exports and imports, data users should refer to the commodity-based

totals shown in the other exhibits. The seasonally adjusted country and world area data will not sum to the seasonally adjusted commodity-based totals because the seasonally adjusted country and world area data and the commodity-based totals are derived from different aggregations of the export and import data and from different seasonal adjustment models. Data users should use caution drawing comparisons between the two sets of seasonally adjusted series.

The seasonal adjustment procedure (X-13ARIMA-SEATS) is based on a model that estimates the monthly movements as percentages above or below the general level of series (unlike other methods that redistribute the actual series values over the calendar year). Because the data series for aircraft is highly variable, users studying data trends may wish to analyze trade in aircraft separately from other trade.

Adjustments for price change

Data adjusted for seasonal variation on a real, or chained-dollar, basis (2012 reference year) are presented in exhibits 10 and 11. This adjustment for price change is done using the Fisher chain-weighted methodology. The deflators are primarily based on the monthly price indexes published by the BLS using techniques developed for the NIPAs by BEA.

Principal commodities

Goods data appearing in exhibit 15 are classified in terms of the SITC Revision 4, with the exception of agricultural and manufactured goods. Agricultural goods are defined by the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA); they consist of non-marine food products and other products of agriculture that have not passed through complex processes of manufacture. Manufactured goods conform to the NAICS; they consist of goods that have been mechanically, physically, or chemically transformed. USDA agricultural goods and NAICS manufactured goods are not mutually exclusive categories.

Re-exports are foreign merchandise entering the country as imports and then exported in substantially the same condition as when imported. Re-exports, which are included in overall export totals, appear as separate line items in exhibit 15.

Advanced technology products

About 500 of some 22,000 Schedule B and Harmonized Tariff Schedule classification codes used in reporting U.S. merchandise trade are identified as "advanced technology" codes, and they meet the following criteria:

1. The code contains products whose technology is from a recognized high technology field (e.g., biotechnology).

2. These products represent leading edge technology in that field.
3. Such products constitute a significant part of all items covered in the selected classification code.

The aggregation of the goods results in a measure of advanced technology trade that appears in exhibits 16 and 16a. This product- and commodity-based measure of advanced technology differs from broader NAICS-based measures, which include all goods produced by a particular industry group, regardless of the level of technology embodied in the goods.

Goods trade in the Advance Economic Indicators Report

In addition to the U.S. International Trade in Goods and Services report (FT-900), which is released jointly with BEA, the Census Bureau also releases advance statistics on international trade in goods, along with advance estimates on retail and wholesale inventories, in the Advance Economic Indicators Report ([Advance Report](#)). Trade statistics in the Advance Report, released on average 24 to 26 calendar days after the end of the reference month, reflect nearly complete coverage of goods trade, while statistics in the FT-900, released on average 34 to 36 calendar days after the end of the reference month, reflect complete coverage.

The Advance Report contains advance statistics for goods trade on a Census basis by principal end-use category, thus providing users an earlier high-level snapshot of U.S. international trade for the featured month. Commodity and country details and statistics for goods trade on a balance of payments (BOP) basis and for services trade are released several days later in the FT-900. See the [Advance Report Frequently Asked Questions](#) for more information.

The FT-900 is the primary source for the goods trade data used in BEA's quarterly gross domestic product (GDP) statistics. However, for the advance GDP estimate, FT-900 data for the third month are not yet available, so BEA uses data from the Advance Report. Because only goods trade on a Census basis by principal end-use category is available in the Advance Report, BEA applies adjustments, such as BOP and coverage adjustments, to the Advance Report statistics to produce detailed estimates for incorporation into the advance GDP estimate. See the "Key Source Data and Assumptions" table that accompanies each [GDP release](#) for more information.

Goods (BOP basis) and services

Quarterly and annual statistics for goods on a BOP basis and for services are included in the U.S. international transactions accounts (ITAs), which are published by BEA in news releases in March, June, September, and December and in the [Survey of Current Business](#) in the January, April,

July, and October issues. The next release of the ITAs is scheduled for June 20, 2019.

In addition, BEA releases detailed annual [international services](#) statistics, which consist of statistics on trade in services and on services supplied through affiliates of multinational enterprises. The statistics provide detail on U.S. trade in services by type and by country and area and detail on services supplied through affiliates by industry and by country and area.

Goods (BOP basis)

Goods on a Census basis are adjusted by BEA to a BOP basis to align the data with the concepts and definitions used to prepare the international and national economic accounts. These adjustments, which are applied separately to exports and imports, are necessary to supplement coverage of the Census data, to eliminate duplication of transactions recorded elsewhere in the international accounts, and to value transactions at market prices. They include both *additions* to and *deductions* from goods on a Census basis and are presented in this release as *net adjustments*. Adjustments that exhibit significant seasonal patterns are seasonally adjusted. BEA also publishes more detailed quarterly and annual statistics for *net adjustments* in [ITA Table 2.4. U.S. International Trade in Goods, Balance of Payments Adjustments](#) and in the January, April, July, and October issues of the *Survey of Current Business*.

The export adjustments include:

Gold exports, nonmonetary - This *addition* is made for gold that is purchased by foreign official agencies from private dealers in the United States and held at the Federal Reserve Bank of New York. The Census data only include gold that leaves the U.S. customs territory.

Goods procured in U.S. ports by foreign carriers - This *addition* is made for foreign air and ocean carriers' fuel purchases in U.S. ports.

Net exports of goods under merchanting - This *addition* is made to include the net value of the purchase and subsequent resale of goods abroad without the goods entering the United States. Because these goods do not cross the U.S. customs frontier, their value is not recorded in the Census data.

Other adjustments to exports include:

Deductions for equipment repairs (parts and labor), developed motion picture film, military grant-aid, and, for periods prior to 2010, goods identified in the Census data as exports under the Foreign Military Sales (FMS) program. *Additions* for sales of fish caught in U.S. territorial waters, exports of electricity to Mexico, private gift parcels, vessels and oil rigs for which

ownership changes, valuation of software exports at market value, low-value (below reporting threshold) transactions for 1999–2009 to phase in a revised Census Bureau low-value methodology that was implemented for goods on a Census basis beginning with statistics for 2010, and, for periods prior to 2010, FMS goods exports reported to BEA by the U.S. Department of Defense.

The import adjustments include:

Gold imports, nonmonetary - This *addition* is made for gold sold by foreign official agencies to private purchasers out of stock held at the Federal Reserve Bank of New York. The Census data only include gold that enters the U.S. customs territory.

Goods procured in foreign ports by U.S. carriers - This *addition* is made for U.S. air and ocean carriers' fuel purchases in foreign ports.

Imports by U.S. military agencies - This *addition* is made for purchases of goods abroad by U.S. military agencies, which are reported to BEA by the Department of Defense. The Census data only include imports of goods by U.S. military agencies that enter the U.S. customs territory.

Inland freight in Canada and Mexico - This *addition* is made for inland freight in Canada and Mexico. Imports of goods from all countries should be valued at the customs value—the value at the foreign port of export including inland freight charges. For imports from Canada and Mexico, this should be the cost of the goods at the U.S. border. However, the customs value for imports for certain Canadian and Mexican goods is the point of origin in Canada or Mexico. BEA makes an *addition* for the inland freight charges of transporting these goods to the U.S. border to make the value comparable to the customs value reported for imports from other countries.

Other adjustments to imports include:

Deductions for equipment repairs (parts and labor), repairs to U.S. vessels abroad, and developed motion picture film. *Additions* for non-reported imports of locomotives and railcars, imports of electricity from Mexico, conversion of vessels for commercial use, valuation of software imports at market value, and low-value (below reporting threshold) transactions for 1999–2009 to phase in a revised Census Bureau low-value methodology that was implemented for goods on a Census basis beginning with statistics for 2010.

Services

The services statistics cover transactions between foreign countries and the 50 states, the District of Columbia, Puerto

Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, and other U.S. territories and possessions. Transactions with U.S. military, diplomatic, and consular installations abroad are excluded because these installations are considered to be part of the U.S. economy.

Services statistics are based on quarterly, annual, and benchmark surveys and information obtained from monthly government and industry reports. For categories for which monthly data are not available, monthly statistics are derived from quarterly statistics through temporal distribution, or interpolation. The interpolation methodology used by BEA is the modified Denton proportional first difference method. This method preserves the pattern of the monthly indicator series, if available, while satisfying the annual aggregation constraints. See [“An Empirical Review of Methods for Temporal Distribution and Interpolation in the National Accounts”](#) (May 2008) for more information. Services are seasonally adjusted when statistically significant seasonal patterns are present.

Services are shown in nine broad categories. The following is a brief description of the types of services included in each category:

Maintenance and repair services n.i.e. (not included elsewhere) - Consists of maintenance and repair services performed by residents of one country on goods that are owned by residents of another country. The repairs may be performed at the site of the repair facility or elsewhere. Excludes such services in which the cost is included in the price of the goods and is not billed separately or is declared as a part of the price of the goods on the import or export declaration filed with the U.S. Customs and Border Protection. Maintenance and repair of computers are included under computer services, and some maintenance and repair of ships, aircraft, and other transport equipment are included under transport services.

Transport - Consists of transactions associated with moving people and freight from one location to another and includes related supporting and auxiliary services. Transport covers all modes of transportation, including air, sea, rail, road, space, and pipeline. Postal and courier services and port services, which cover cargo handling, storage and warehousing, and other related transport services, are also included.

Travel (for all purposes including education) - Includes goods and services acquired by nonresidents while abroad. A traveler is defined as a person who stays, or intends to stay, for less than one year in a country of which he or she is not a resident or as a nonresident whose purpose is to obtain education or medical treatment, no matter how long the stay. Purchases can be either for own use or for gifts to others. Travel is a

transactor-based component that covers a variety of goods and services, primarily lodging, meals, transportation in the country of travel, amusement, entertainment, and gifts. Travel excludes air passenger services for travel between countries, which are included in *transport*, and goods for resale, which are included in goods.

Travel includes business and personal travel. Business travel covers goods and services acquired for use by persons whose primary purpose for travel is for business (including goods and services for which business travelers are reimbursed by employers). Business travel also includes expenditures by border, seasonal, and other short-term workers in their economy of employment. Personal travel covers travel for all non-business purposes, including for medical or educational purposes.

Insurance services - Includes the direct insurance services of providing life insurance and annuities, non-life (property and casualty) insurance, reinsurance, freight insurance, and auxiliary insurance services. Insurance is measured as gross premiums earned plus premium supplements less claims payable, with an adjustment for claims volatility. Premium supplements represent investment income from insurance reserves, which are attributed to policyholders who are treated as paying the income back to the insurer. Auxiliary insurance services include agents' commissions, brokerage services, insurance consulting services, actuarial services, and other insurance services.

Financial services - Includes financial intermediary and auxiliary services, except insurance services. These services include those normally provided by banks and other financial institutions. Services primarily include those for which an explicit commission or a fee is charged; implicit fees for bond transactions, measured as the difference between bid and ask prices, are also included. Services include securities brokerage and underwriting, financial management, financial advisory, and custody services; credit and other credit-related services; and securities lending, electronic funds transfer, and other services.

Charges for the use of intellectual property n.i.e. - Includes charges for the use of proprietary rights, such as patents, trademarks, and copyrights, and charges for licenses to use, reproduce, distribute, and sell or purchase intellectual property.

Telecommunications, computer, and information services - Telecommunications services include the broadcast or transmission of sound, images, data, or other information by electronic means. These services do not include the value of the information transmitted. Computer services consist of hardware- and software-

related services and data processing services. Sales of customized software and related use licenses, as well as licenses to use non-customized software with a periodic license fee, are also included, as is software downloaded or otherwise electronically delivered. Cross-border transactions in non-customized packaged software with a license for perpetual use are included in goods. Information services include news agency services, database services, and web search portals.

Other business services - Consists of research and development services, professional and management consulting services, and technical, trade-related, and other business services. Research and development services include services associated with basic and applied research and experimental development of new products and processes. Professional and management consulting services include legal services, accounting, management consulting, managerial services, public relations services, advertising, and market research. Amounts received by a parent company from its affiliates for general overhead expenses related to these services are included. Technical, trade-related, and other business services include architectural and engineering, construction, audio-visual, waste treatment, operational leasing, trade-related, and other business services.

Government goods and services n.i.e. - Includes goods and services supplied by and to enclaves, such as embassies, military bases, and international organizations; goods and services acquired from the host economy by diplomats, consular staff, and military personnel located abroad and their dependents; and services supplied by and to governments that are not included in other services categories. Services supplied by and to governments are classified to specific services categories when source data permit.

Goods (BOP basis) and services by country and area

Monthly country and area detail is not available for goods on a BOP basis or for services. However, quarterly statistics on goods on a BOP basis and on services that are seasonally adjusted by geography are shown in exhibit 20. Unlike the seasonal adjustments by commodity and by service type that are applied to the global totals, these adjustments are developed and applied directly at the country and world area levels. For total exports and imports, data users should refer to the by-commodity and by-service type totals shown in the other exhibits. The seasonally adjusted country and world area data will not sum to the seasonally adjusted by-commodity and by-service type totals because the two sets of statistics are derived from different aggregations of the export and import data and from different seasonal adjustment models. Data users should use caution drawing

comparisons between the two sets of seasonally adjusted series.

The definitions of the world areas shown in exhibit 20 are consistent with the definitions for goods on a Census basis (see *Area groupings* above) with a few exceptions. For services, CAFTA-DR is not available because trade with this area's member countries cannot be separately identified. For goods on a BOP basis and for services, European Union and OPEC reflect the composition of the areas at the time of reporting.

Revision procedure (goods on a BOP basis and services)

Monthly revisions: Each month, a preliminary estimate for the current month and a revised estimate for the immediately preceding month are released. After the initial revision, no further revisions are made to a month until more complete source data become available in March, June, September, and December.

Quarterly revisions: The releases in March, June, September, and December contain revised estimates for the previous six months to incorporate more comprehensive and updated source data.

Annual revisions: Each June, historical data are revised to incorporate newly available and revised source data, changes in definitions and classifications, and changes in

estimation methods. Seasonally adjusted data are also revised to reflect recalculated seasonal and trading-day adjustments.

Other revisions: The release for December statistical month contains revisions to goods for January through November of the most recent year; the release for January statistical month contains revisions to both goods and services for all months of the most recent year. These revisions result from forcing the seasonally adjusted months to equal the annual totals.

Data availability

The FT-900 and the FT-900 Supplement are available at www.census.gov/ft900 or www.bea.gov/data/intl-trade-investment/international-trade-goods-and-services.

Census Bureau's application programming interface (API): The Census Bureau's API, available at www.census.gov/developers/, lets developers create custom apps to reach new users and makes key demographic, socio-economic, and housing statistics more accessible than ever before.

BEA's data API: BEA's data API, available at apps.bea.gov/API/signup/index.cfm, provides programmatic access to BEA's published economic statistics using industry-standard methods and procedures.

News Release

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Part A: Seasonally Adjusted (by Commodity/Service)

Exhibit 1. U.S. International Trade in Goods and Services

In millions of dollars. Details may not equal totals due to seasonal adjustment and rounding. (R) - Revised.

Period	Balance			Exports			Imports		
	Total	Goods (1)	Services	Total	Goods (1)	Services	Total	Goods (1)	Services
2017									
Jan. - Dec.	-552,277	-807,495	255,219	2,351,072	1,553,383	797,690	2,903,349	2,360,878	542,471
Jan. - Feb.	-91,049	-133,090	42,041	383,769	253,977	129,792	474,819	387,068	87,751
January	-46,879	-67,689	20,810	191,430	126,746	64,684	238,309	194,435	43,874
February	-44,171	-65,401	21,231	192,340	127,232	65,108	236,510	192,633	43,877
March	-43,909	-65,256	21,347	192,536	127,160	65,376	236,446	192,416	44,029
April	-46,074	-67,288	21,214	192,194	126,832	65,362	238,268	194,120	44,148
May	-45,823	-66,768	20,945	192,772	127,091	65,681	238,595	193,859	44,737
June	-44,803	-65,892	21,090	194,778	128,569	66,209	239,580	194,461	45,119
July	-44,221	-65,437	21,216	195,160	128,477	66,683	239,382	193,915	45,467
August	-44,163	-65,494	21,331	195,594	128,638	66,956	239,757	194,132	45,625
September	-44,407	-65,892	21,485	198,352	130,699	67,654	242,760	196,590	46,169
October	-46,986	-68,471	21,485	198,629	130,921	67,708	245,615	199,392	46,223
November	-48,952	-70,588	21,637	202,295	134,258	68,036	251,246	204,847	46,399
December	-51,889	-73,319	21,430	204,992	136,759	68,233	256,881	210,078	46,803
2018									
Jan. - Dec.	-622,106	-891,320	269,214	2,500,756	1,672,331	828,425	3,122,862	2,563,651	559,211
Jan. - Feb.	-108,808	-152,997	44,189	405,989	268,995	136,995	514,797	421,992	92,806
January	-53,090	-75,376	22,287	201,276	133,023	68,253	254,366	208,399	45,966
February	-55,719	-77,621	21,902	204,713	135,971	68,742	260,432	213,592	46,840
March	-47,448	-70,272	22,823	209,233	140,215	69,018	256,681	210,487	46,194
April	-46,454	-69,240	22,786	209,101	140,526	68,575	255,555	209,766	45,790
May	-43,511	-66,562	23,051	212,855	144,279	68,576	256,366	210,841	45,525
June	-46,910	-69,723	22,813	211,077	142,393	68,684	257,987	212,116	45,871
July	-51,444	-73,942	22,498	208,989	140,176	68,813	260,434	214,118	46,316
August	-54,868	-77,434	22,566	207,475	138,425	69,049	262,343	215,859	46,484
September	-55,699	-78,098	22,399	210,622	141,228	69,394	266,321	219,326	46,995
October	-56,534	-78,928	22,393	210,698	140,871	69,826	267,232	219,799	47,433
November	-50,529	-72,599	22,070	209,325	139,617	69,707	259,854	212,216	47,637
December	-59,900	-81,526	21,626	205,393	135,605	69,787	265,293	217,132	48,161
2019									
Jan. - Feb.	-100,516	-145,230	44,715	417,045	276,998	140,048	517,561	422,228	95,333
January (R)	-51,134	-73,220	22,086	207,355	137,449	69,906	258,488	210,669	47,819
February	-49,382	-72,011	22,628	209,690	139,548	70,142	259,073	211,559	47,514
March									
April									
May									
June									
July									
August									
September									
October									
November									
December									

January data as published last month:

-51,149 -73,291 22,142 207,340 137,385 69,955 258,489 210,676 47,813

(1) Data are presented on a balance of payments (BOP) basis.

NOTE: For information on data sources and methodology, see the explanatory notes in this release or at www.census.gov/ft900 or www.bea.gov/data/intl-trade-investment/international-trade-goods-and-services.

Part A: Seasonally Adjusted (by Commodity/Service)

**Exhibit 2. U.S. International Trade in Goods and Services
Three-Month Moving Averages**

In millions of dollars. Details may not equal totals due to seasonal adjustment and rounding. (R) - Revised.

Month of Moving Average	Balance			Exports			Imports		
	Total	Goods (1)	Services	Total	Goods (1)	Services	Total	Goods (1)	Services
2017									
January	-45,702	-66,262	20,560	188,980	124,860	64,120	234,682	191,122	43,560
February	-45,050	-65,889	20,839	191,300	126,692	64,609	236,350	192,581	43,770
March	-44,986	-66,115	21,129	192,102	127,046	65,056	237,088	193,161	43,927
April	-44,718	-65,982	21,264	192,357	127,075	65,282	237,075	193,056	44,018
May	-45,269	-66,437	21,168	192,501	127,028	65,473	237,770	193,465	44,305
June	-45,567	-66,649	21,083	193,248	127,497	65,751	238,814	194,147	44,668
July	-44,949	-66,033	21,084	194,237	128,046	66,191	239,186	194,078	45,108
August	-44,396	-65,608	21,212	195,178	128,562	66,616	239,573	194,169	45,404
September	-44,264	-65,608	21,344	196,369	129,271	67,098	240,633	194,879	45,754
October	-45,185	-66,619	21,433	197,525	130,086	67,439	242,711	196,705	46,006
November	-46,782	-68,317	21,535	199,759	131,959	67,799	246,540	200,276	46,264
December	-49,275	-70,793	21,517	201,972	133,980	67,992	251,247	204,772	46,475
2018									
January	-51,310	-73,095	21,785	202,854	134,680	68,174	254,164	207,775	46,390
February	-53,566	-75,439	21,873	203,660	135,251	68,409	257,226	210,690	46,536
March	-52,085	-74,423	22,337	205,074	136,403	68,671	257,159	210,826	46,333
April	-49,874	-72,377	22,504	207,682	138,904	68,778	257,556	211,281	46,275
May	-45,804	-68,691	22,887	210,396	141,673	68,723	256,201	210,364	45,836
June	-45,625	-68,508	22,883	211,011	142,399	68,612	256,636	210,908	45,728
July	-47,288	-70,076	22,787	210,974	142,283	68,691	258,262	212,358	45,904
August	-51,074	-73,700	22,625	209,180	140,331	68,849	260,254	214,031	46,223
September	-54,004	-76,491	22,487	209,029	139,943	69,086	263,032	216,434	46,598
October	-55,700	-78,153	22,453	209,598	140,175	69,423	265,299	218,328	46,971
November	-54,254	-76,542	22,287	210,215	140,572	69,642	264,469	217,114	47,355
December	-55,655	-77,684	22,030	208,472	138,698	69,774	264,126	216,382	47,744
2019									
January (R)	-53,854	-75,782	21,928	207,357	137,557	69,800	261,212	213,339	47,873
February	-53,472	-75,586	22,114	207,479	137,534	69,945	260,951	213,120	47,831
March									
April									
May									
June									
July									
August									
September									
October									
November									
December									

(1) Data are presented on a BOP basis.

NOTES:

* The three-month moving averages shown in this exhibit are computed by summing the subject month and the two prior months, dividing by three, and showing the average at the end month of the period. A moving average is useful in smoothing the volatile trade data so that trends can better be discerned.

* For information on data sources and methodology, see the explanatory notes in this release or at www.census.gov/ft900 or www.bea.gov/data/intl-trade-investment/international-trade-goods-and-services.

Part A: Seasonally Adjusted (by Commodity/Service)

Exhibit 3. U.S. Exports of Services by Major Category

In millions of dollars. Details may not equal totals due to seasonal adjustment and rounding. (R) - Revised.

Period	Total Services	Maintenance and Repair Services n.i.e.	Transport	Travel (for all purposes including education) (1)	Insurance Services	Financial Services	Charges for the Use of Intellectual Property n.i.e.	Telecommunications, Computer, and Information Services	Other Business Services	Government Goods and Services n.i.e.
2017										
Jan. - Dec.	797,690	26,430	88,598	210,747	18,047	109,642	128,364	42,219	154,313	19,329
Jan. - Feb.	129,792	4,586	14,468	34,688	2,794	17,284	20,617	6,812	25,368	3,176
January	64,684	2,277	7,246	17,324	1,403	8,656	10,255	3,392	12,587	1,544
February	65,108	2,309	7,222	17,364	1,390	8,628	10,362	3,419	12,781	1,632
March	65,376	2,317	7,195	17,259	1,399	8,827	10,498	3,430	12,796	1,655
April	65,362	2,271	7,180	17,446	1,428	8,706	10,664	3,423	12,631	1,613
May	65,681	2,188	7,203	17,460	1,462	8,975	10,761	3,439	12,588	1,604
June	66,209	2,115	7,373	17,485	1,502	9,172	10,789	3,479	12,666	1,627
July	66,683	2,027	7,522	17,611	1,547	9,138	10,748	3,542	12,866	1,683
August	66,956	2,070	7,308	17,604	1,575	9,374	10,745	3,585	13,000	1,694
September	67,654	2,117	7,653	17,764	1,586	9,415	10,780	3,609	13,070	1,660
October	67,708	2,213	7,555	17,690	1,581	9,547	10,853	3,615	13,074	1,580
November	68,036	2,235	7,560	17,861	1,583	9,615	10,922	3,631	13,101	1,529
December	68,233	2,291	7,581	17,879	1,591	9,589	10,987	3,656	13,151	1,508
2018										
Jan. - Dec.	828,425	30,041	92,304	214,469	19,164	113,043	130,451	43,959	164,790	20,202
Jan. - Feb.	136,995	4,772	15,255	35,643	3,042	18,647	22,305	7,260	26,920	3,150
January	68,253	2,351	7,532	17,779	1,530	9,389	11,105	3,631	13,376	1,560
February	68,742	2,420	7,723	17,865	1,512	9,259	11,200	3,629	13,544	1,590
March	69,018	2,517	7,696	17,845	1,513	9,262	11,273	3,651	13,663	1,598
April	68,575	2,506	7,775	17,890	1,516	9,282	10,872	3,569	13,448	1,719
May	68,576	2,504	7,835	17,891	1,520	9,409	10,754	3,529	13,348	1,786
June	68,684	2,461	7,844	17,855	1,521	9,535	10,774	3,531	13,362	1,799
July	68,813	2,521	7,653	17,803	1,633	9,392	10,724	3,680	13,731	1,677
August	69,049	2,601	7,508	17,768	1,681	9,465	10,738	3,731	13,936	1,622
September	69,394	2,562	7,725	17,805	1,703	9,422	10,747	3,753	14,044	1,633
October	69,826	2,537	7,773	18,005	1,696	9,549	10,753	3,746	14,056	1,710
November	69,707	2,502	7,696	17,969	1,681	9,501	10,756	3,749	14,102	1,751
December	69,787	2,559	7,544	17,993	1,658	9,579	10,757	3,762	14,180	1,756
2019										
Jan. - Feb.	140,048	5,219	15,305	36,038	3,234	19,088	21,509	7,585	28,658	3,411
January (R)	69,906	2,608	7,574	18,014	1,625	9,564	10,755	3,785	14,292	1,689
February	70,142	2,612	7,732	18,024	1,609	9,523	10,754	3,800	14,366	1,722
March										
April										
May										
June										
July										
August										
September										
October										
November										
December										
January data as published last month:	69,955	2,608	7,624	18,013	1,625	9,564	10,755	3,785	14,292	1,689

n.i.e. Not included elsewhere

(1) All travel purposes include 1) business travel, including expenditures by border, seasonal, and other short-term workers and 2) personal travel, including health-related and education-related travel.

NOTE: For information on data sources, methodology, and definitions, see the explanatory notes in this release or at www.census.gov/ft900 or www.bea.gov/data/intl-trade-investment/international-trade-goods-and-services.

Part A: Seasonally Adjusted (by Commodity/Service)

Exhibit 5. U.S. Trade in Goods

In millions of dollars. Details may not equal totals due to seasonal adjustment and rounding. (R) - Revised.

Period	Balance		Exports			Imports		
	Total Balance of Payments Basis	Total Census Basis	Total Balance of Payments Basis	Net Adjustments	Total Census Basis	Total Balance of Payments Basis	Net Adjustments	Total Census Basis
2017								
Jan. - Dec.	-807,495	-795,690	1,553,383	7,110	1,546,273	2,360,878	18,915	2,341,963
Jan. - Feb.	-133,090	-130,982	253,977	1,289	252,689	387,068	3,397	383,671
January	-67,689	-66,596	126,746	629	126,117	194,435	1,722	192,713
February	-65,401	-64,387	127,232	660	126,572	192,633	1,675	190,958
March	-65,256	-64,158	127,160	595	126,565	192,416	1,693	190,723
April	-67,288	-66,257	126,832	528	126,304	194,120	1,558	192,561
May	-66,768	-65,709	127,091	523	126,568	193,859	1,582	192,277
June	-65,892	-64,823	128,569	506	128,063	194,461	1,575	192,886
July	-65,437	-64,457	128,477	568	127,909	193,915	1,549	192,366
August	-65,494	-64,478	128,638	563	128,076	194,132	1,579	192,553
September	-65,892	-64,921	130,699	496	130,202	196,590	1,467	195,124
October	-68,471	-67,629	130,921	597	130,324	199,392	1,439	197,953
November	-70,588	-69,835	134,258	767	133,492	204,847	1,520	203,327
December	-73,319	-72,441	136,759	678	136,081	210,078	1,556	208,522
2018								
Jan. - Dec.	-891,320	-878,701	1,672,331	8,349	1,663,982	2,563,651	20,968	2,542,683
Jan. - Feb.	-152,997	-151,247	268,995	1,548	267,447	421,992	3,298	418,694
January	-75,376	-74,449	133,023	782	132,241	208,399	1,710	206,690
February	-77,621	-76,798	135,971	765	135,206	213,592	1,588	212,004
March	-70,272	-69,343	140,215	624	139,591	210,487	1,553	208,934
April	-69,240	-68,217	140,526	703	139,823	209,766	1,726	208,040
May	-66,562	-65,511	144,279	815	143,464	210,841	1,866	208,975
June	-69,723	-68,726	142,393	633	141,760	212,116	1,630	210,486
July	-73,942	-72,865	140,176	710	139,465	214,118	1,788	212,330
August	-77,434	-76,180	138,425	651	137,774	215,859	1,905	213,954
September	-78,098	-77,101	141,228	690	140,538	219,326	1,688	217,639
October	-78,928	-77,719	140,871	716	140,156	219,799	1,924	217,875
November	-72,599	-71,416	139,617	709	138,908	212,216	1,893	210,323
December	-81,526	-80,376	135,605	548	135,057	217,132	1,698	215,434
2019								
Jan. - Feb.	-145,230	-143,010	276,998	1,239	275,759	422,228	3,459	418,769
January (R)	-73,220	-72,069	137,449	542	136,907	210,669	1,692	208,977
February	-72,011	-70,941	139,548	697	138,852	211,559	1,767	209,792
March								
April								
May								
June								
July								
August								
September								
October								
November								
December								

January data as published last month:

-73,291	-72,140	137,385	542	136,843	210,676	1,692	208,983
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NOTE: For information on data sources, nonsampling errors, definitions, and details concerning what is included in Net Adjustments, see the explanatory notes in this release or at www.census.gov/ft900 or www.bea.gov/data/intl-trade-investment/international-trade-goods-and-services.

Part A: Seasonally Adjusted (by Commodity/Service)

Exhibit 9. U.S. Trade in Petroleum and Non-Petroleum Products by End-Use

In millions of dollars. Details may not equal totals due to seasonal adjustment and rounding. (R) - Revised.

Period	Balance				Exports				Imports			
	Total	Net Adjustments	Petroleum (1)	Non-petroleum	Total	Net Adjustments	Petroleum (1)	Non-petroleum	Total	Net Adjustments	Petroleum (1)	Non-petroleum
2018												
Jan. - Dec.	-891,320	-12,619	-53,240	-825,461	1,672,331	8,349	172,387	1,491,595	2,563,651	20,968	225,627	2,317,056
Jan. - Feb.	-152,997	-1,750	-13,745	-137,501	268,995	1,548	23,377	244,070	421,992	3,298	37,123	381,571
January	-75,376	-927	-6,962	-67,487	133,023	782	11,682	120,558	208,399	1,710	18,644	188,046
February	-77,621	-823	-6,783	-70,014	135,971	765	11,695	123,511	213,592	1,588	18,479	193,525
March	-70,272	-929	-4,839	-64,504	140,215	624	13,272	126,319	210,487	1,553	18,111	190,823
April	-69,240	-1,022	-4,951	-63,267	140,526	703	14,058	125,764	209,766	1,726	19,009	189,031
May	-66,562	-1,051	-4,720	-60,791	144,279	815	14,157	129,307	210,841	1,866	18,878	190,098
June	-69,723	-997	-4,306	-64,420	142,393	633	15,355	126,405	212,116	1,630	19,661	190,826
July	-73,942	-1,077	-4,640	-68,225	140,176	710	15,759	123,706	214,118	1,788	20,399	191,931
August	-77,434	-1,253	-6,558	-69,622	138,425	651	13,953	123,821	215,859	1,905	20,512	193,442
September	-78,098	-997	-4,567	-72,533	141,228	690	15,609	124,929	219,326	1,688	20,176	197,462
October	-78,928	-1,208	-2,918	-74,801	140,871	716	16,711	123,445	219,799	1,924	19,629	198,246
November	-72,599	-1,184	-765	-70,650	139,617	709	16,033	122,875	212,216	1,893	16,798	193,525
December	-81,526	-1,150	-1,230	-79,146	135,605	548	14,103	120,955	217,132	1,698	15,333	200,101
2019												
Jan. - Feb.	-145,230	-2,221	-2,104	-140,905	276,998	1,239	27,359	248,400	422,228	3,459	29,463	389,306
January (R)	-73,220	-1,151	-920	-71,149	137,449	542	13,460	123,447	210,669	1,692	14,380	194,597
February	-72,011	-1,070	-1,184	-69,756	139,548	697	13,899	124,953	211,559	1,767	15,083	194,709
March												
April												
May												
June												
July												
August												
September												
October												
November												
December												

(1) The petroleum products aggregated in the end-use commodity classification system include virtually the same energy-related petroleum products as those aggregated in the Standard International Trade Classification (SITC). The end-use petroleum products, however, include some products such as ethane, butane, benzene, and toluene, which are included in "Manufactured Goods" in the SITC.

NOTE: For information on data sources, nonsampling errors, definitions, and details concerning what is included in Net Adjustments, see the explanatory notes in this release or at www.census.gov/ft900 or www.bea.gov/data/intl-trade-investment/international-trade-goods-and-services.

Part B: NOT Seasonally Adjusted

Exhibit 12. U.S. Trade in Goods

In millions of dollars. Details may not equal totals due to rounding. (R) - Revised.

Period	Balance		Exports			Imports		
	Total Balance of Payments Basis	Total Census Basis	Total Balance of Payments Basis	Net Adjustments	Total Census Basis	Total Balance of Payments Basis	Net Adjustments	Total Census Basis
2017								
Jan. - Dec.	-807,495	-795,690	1,553,383	7,110	1,546,273	2,360,878	18,915	2,341,963
Jan. - Feb.	-120,535	-118,354	237,780	1,070	236,710	358,315	3,251	355,064
January	-69,354	-68,214	117,988	529	117,458	187,342	1,670	185,672
February	-51,181	-50,140	119,792	541	119,252	170,973	1,581	169,392
March	-59,575	-58,353	136,433	528	135,905	196,008	1,750	194,258
April	-63,326	-62,308	124,352	511	123,842	187,679	1,529	186,150
May	-73,856	-72,815	128,316	534	127,782	202,172	1,575	200,597
June	-66,715	-65,706	133,296	554	132,741	200,010	1,563	198,447
July	-70,791	-69,903	122,773	633	122,140	193,565	1,521	192,044
August	-73,642	-72,635	129,810	624	129,186	203,452	1,631	201,821
September	-65,494	-64,518	130,802	524	130,278	196,296	1,500	194,796
October	-75,406	-74,533	136,836	637	136,199	212,242	1,510	210,732
November	-73,041	-72,293	136,260	784	135,477	209,302	1,532	207,770
December	-65,113	-64,270	136,724	710	136,014	201,837	1,553	200,285
2018								
Jan. - Dec.	-891,320	-878,701	1,672,331	8,349	1,663,982	2,563,651	20,968	2,542,683
Jan. - Feb.	-139,742	-137,857	254,568	1,292	253,276	394,310	3,177	391,133
January	-79,388	-78,374	125,885	666	125,219	205,273	1,680	203,593
February	-60,354	-59,483	128,684	626	128,057	189,037	1,497	187,540
March	-60,027	-58,969	149,713	548	149,164	209,740	1,606	208,133
April	-68,636	-67,623	138,328	680	137,648	206,964	1,694	205,271
May	-73,053	-72,009	145,420	827	144,593	218,473	1,871	216,602
June	-68,571	-67,642	145,819	686	145,134	214,391	1,615	212,775
July	-84,480	-83,511	134,213	784	133,429	218,693	1,753	216,940
August	-83,965	-82,725	140,485	725	139,760	224,451	1,965	222,485
September	-73,781	-72,785	139,987	724	139,262	213,768	1,721	212,047
October	-90,467	-89,247	147,751	768	146,983	238,218	1,988	236,230
November	-74,842	-73,675	141,102	729	140,373	215,944	1,896	214,048
December	-73,755	-72,657	134,945	584	134,360	208,700	1,682	207,018
2019								
Jan. - Feb.	-132,709	-130,378	261,115	1,003	260,112	393,824	3,335	390,490
January (R)	-76,209	-74,992	130,044	436	129,608	206,253	1,653	204,600
February	-56,500	-55,386	131,071	568	130,504	187,572	1,682	185,890
March								
April								
May								
June								
July								
August								
September								
October								
November								
December								

January data as published last month:

-76,278	-75,061	129,981	436	129,546	206,260	1,653	204,607
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NOTE: For information on data sources, nonsampling errors, definitions, and details concerning what is included in Net Adjustments, see the explanatory notes in this release or at www.census.gov/ft900 or www.bea.gov/data/intl-trade-investment/international-trade-goods-and-services.

Part B: NOT Seasonally Adjusted

Exhibit 15. U.S. Trade in Goods by Principal Commodities

In millions of dollars. Details may not equal totals due to rounding. This exhibit is not additive.
(R) - Revised. (X) - Not applicable. (-) Represents zero or less than one-half of measurement shown.

Item (1)	2019						2018	
	February		January		Year-to-Date		Year-to-Date	
	Exports	Imports	Exports	Imports	Exports	Imports	Exports	Imports
Manufactured Goods by Material	8,644	19,709	8,747	23,305	17,391	43,014	17,974	43,549
Leather and leather manufactures	64	96	73	105	138	201	141	225
Rubber manufactures (4)	768	1,724	747	1,962	1,515	3,686	1,489	3,547
Cork and wood manufactures	148	822	149	947	297	1,769	313	1,945
Paper and paperboard	1,174	1,318	1,307	1,479	2,482	2,797	2,548	2,660
Textile yarn, fabrics	942	2,315	1,015	2,680	1,958	4,995	1,965	4,773
Nonmetallic mineral manufactures (4)	1,064	3,147	960	4,005	2,024	7,152	2,322	7,212
Iron and steel	1,023	2,624	1,061	3,547	2,084	6,171	2,439	6,071
Nonferrous metals	1,339	3,031	1,282	3,522	2,620	6,554	2,668	7,769
Manufactures of metals	2,122	4,631	2,153	5,058	4,275	9,689	4,089	9,347
Machinery and Transport Equipment	40,800	79,862	37,831	83,874	78,630	163,736	77,045	160,804
Power generating machinery (4)	2,717	6,585	2,737	5,900	5,454	12,486	5,450	11,230
Specialized industrial machinery	3,221	4,331	3,489	4,693	6,710	9,023	7,584	8,506
Metalworking machinery	365	836	358	924	723	1,760	777	1,735
General industrial machinery	4,832	8,418	4,858	9,274	9,690	17,693	9,473	16,924
Office machines	1,448	8,338	1,518	9,920	2,967	18,258	2,982	19,511
Telecommunications equipment (4)	1,682	10,856	1,509	12,150	3,191	23,005	3,283	23,879
Electrical machinery (4)	6,388	13,899	6,313	15,079	12,701	28,977	12,641	29,305
Road vehicles	9,976	23,337	8,175	23,176	18,152	46,513	18,252	44,963
Transport equipment (4)	10,169	3,262	8,873	2,759	19,043	6,021	16,604	4,752
Miscellaneous Manufactured Articles	10,058	30,785	10,035	34,353	20,092	65,137	19,270	63,698
Prefabricated buildings	191	1,047	185	1,240	376	2,287	367	2,400
Furniture (4)	455	4,047	493	4,638	948	8,685	953	8,923
Travel goods	47	827	48	915	95	1,742	104	1,856
Apparel and clothing accessories	279	7,297	259	8,354	539	15,652	471	14,997
Footwear	87	2,268	83	2,756	170	5,024	135	4,919
Scientific and controlling equipment (4)	3,850	4,779	3,859	4,925	7,709	9,704	7,546	9,436
Photographic equipment	506	1,184	513	1,233	1,019	2,418	988	2,361
Miscellaneous manufactured articles	4,641	9,335	4,595	10,290	9,236	19,625	8,707	18,806
Miscellaneous Commodities	5,087	8,618	4,945	9,055	10,033	17,673	10,944	16,339
Special transactions	746	6,579	824	6,794	1,570	13,372	1,408	11,665
Coin, including gold coin	26	65	33	81	59	147	47	139
Coin, other than gold	(-)	2	(-)	2	1	4	2	4
Gold, nonmonetary	1,504	551	1,476	666	2,980	1,216	3,908	1,763
Low value estimate	2,811	1,422	2,612	1,512	5,423	2,934	5,581	2,769
Re-Exports	19,905	(X)	20,805	(X)	40,709	(X)	40,269	(X)
Manufactured Goods (3)	18,850	(X)	19,884	(X)	38,733	(X)	37,903	(X)
Agricultural Commodities (3)	452	(X)	477	(X)	928	(X)	917	(X)

(1) Detailed data are presented for domestic exports unless otherwise noted. All data are on a Census basis. The information needed to convert to a BOP basis is not available.

(2) Total exports including re-exports (exports of foreign merchandise).

(3) Manufactured Goods is based on the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) and Agricultural Commodities is based on the Harmonized System commodities specified by the U.S. Department of Agriculture definition. All other commodity detail is based on the SITC.

(4) Export statistics for certain commodity classifications related to the aircraft industry are subject to suppression and have been aggregated in a manner that prevents the disclosure of confidential information. For additional information, see www.census.gov/foreign-trade/statistics/notices/aircraft/.

NOTE: For information on data sources, nonsampling errors, definitions, and details concerning what is included in Net Adjustments, see the explanatory notes in this release or at www.census.gov/ft900 or www.bea.gov/data/intl-trade-investment/international-trade-goods-and-services.

Part B: NOT Seasonally Adjusted

Exhibit 16. U.S. Trade in Advanced Technology Products

In millions of dollars. Details may not equal totals due to rounding.

Period	Balance	Exports	Imports
2017			
Jan. - Dec.	-110,931	353,708	464,639
Jan. - Feb.	-13,009	51,454	64,463
January	-8,483	26,047	34,530
February	-4,526	25,407	29,933
March	-5,723	31,235	36,958
April	-6,060	28,607	34,667
May	-9,417	28,569	37,986
June	-9,036	30,594	39,630
July	-8,224	29,195	37,419
August	-9,010	30,462	39,472
September	-10,403	30,244	40,646
October	-13,772	29,630	43,402
November	-15,841	30,300	46,141
December	-10,436	33,419	43,854
2018			
Jan. - Dec.	-129,336	368,105	497,440
Jan. - Feb.	-19,424	53,477	72,900
January	-11,491	27,457	38,948
February	-7,933	26,019	33,952
March	-6,105	34,853	40,958
April	-9,518	28,473	37,991
May	-10,321	32,215	42,536
June	-9,256	32,891	42,147
July	-13,172	28,167	41,339
August	-12,424	29,797	42,222
September	-12,655	31,395	44,050
October	-14,434	32,210	46,644
November	-12,695	31,959	44,654
December	-9,331	32,667	41,999
2019			
Jan. - Feb.	-16,391	57,203	73,594
January	-10,473	28,147	38,620
February	-5,918	29,055	34,974
March			
April			
May			
June			
July			
August			
September			
October			
November			
December			

NOTES:

* Export statistics for certain commodity classifications related to the aircraft industry are subject to suppression and have been aggregated in a manner that prevents the disclosure of confidential information. As a result, Advanced Technology Product exports are overstated by \$402 million in February 2019. For additional information, see www.census.gov/foreign-trade/statistics/notices/aircraft/.

* Data are not available on a BOP basis. For information on data sources, nonsampling errors, and definitions, see the explanatory notes in this release or at www.census.gov/ft900 or www.bea.gov/data/intl-trade-investment/international-trade-goods-and-services.

Part B: NOT Seasonally Adjusted

**Exhibit 17. U.S. Imports of Energy-Related Petroleum Products,
Including Crude Oil**

Details may not equal totals due to rounding.

Period	Total energy-related petroleum products (1)		Crude oil			
	Quantity (thousands of barrels)	Value (thousands of dollars)	Quantity (thousands of barrels)	Thousands of barrels per day (average)	Value (thousands of dollars)	Unit price (dollars)
2018						
Jan. - Dec.	3,471,332	211,751,460	2,699,787	7,397	157,103,959	58.19
Jan. - Feb.	567,410	32,265,974	438,601	7,434	23,988,109	54.69
January	310,312	17,635,630	240,947	7,772	13,194,137	54.76
February	257,097	14,630,344	197,655	7,059	10,793,972	54.61
March	284,481	16,033,422	219,113	7,068	11,832,458	54.00
April	296,979	17,043,335	235,957	7,865	12,858,536	54.50
May	301,642	18,860,449	232,266	7,492	13,558,345	58.37
June	296,253	19,250,385	236,980	7,899	14,792,902	62.42
July	309,241	20,718,488	243,227	7,846	15,719,234	64.63
August	316,646	20,787,373	241,783	7,799	15,143,283	62.63
September	285,219	18,583,940	213,093	7,103	13,073,895	61.35
October	293,368	19,014,583	227,433	7,337	13,924,609	61.23
November	260,729	15,533,536	211,292	7,043	12,157,037	57.54
December	259,366	13,659,976	200,040	6,453	10,055,550	50.27
2019						
Jan. - Feb.	507,552	24,934,108	396,812	6,726	17,648,830	44.48
January	281,782	13,286,069	223,071	7,196	9,501,466	42.59
February	225,770	11,648,039	173,741	6,205	8,147,364	46.89
March						
April						
May						
June						
July						
August						
September						
October						
November						
December						

(1) Details shown for Energy-Related Petroleum Products are not available on a BOP basis. These products include the following SITC commodity groupings: crude oil, petroleum preparations, and liquefied propane and butane gas.

NOTE: For information on data sources, nonsampling errors, and definitions, see the explanatory notes in this release or at www.census.gov/ft900 or www.bea.gov/data/intl-trade-investment/international-trade-goods-and-services.

Part B: NOT Seasonally Adjusted

Exhibit 17a. U.S. Imports of Crude Oil by Selected Countries

Details may not equal totals due to rounding. (-) Represents zero or less than one-half unit of measurement shown.

Country	Quantity (thousands of barrels)			Customs Value (thousands of dollars)			C.I.F. Value (thousands of dollars)		
	February 2019	January 2019	Year-to-Date 2019	February 2019	January 2019	Year-to-Date 2019	February 2019	January 2019	Year-to-Date 2019
Total	173,741	223,071	396,812	8,147,364	9,501,466	17,648,830	8,538,851	10,014,024	18,552,875
OPEC	42,425	67,437	109,862	2,409,067	3,848,314	6,257,382	2,494,030	3,984,645	6,478,675
Algeria	1,041	618	1,659	62,400	31,871	94,271	65,035	32,489	97,524
Angola	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)
Congo (Brazzaville)	(-)	906	906	(-)	69,760	69,760	(-)	72,052	72,052
Ecuador	4,807	6,354	11,162	275,510	331,211	606,721	288,147	349,038	637,185
Equatorial Guinea	(-)	959	959	(-)	57,532	57,532	(-)	61,299	61,299
Gabon	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)
Iran	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)
Iraq	11,220	14,280	25,500	628,086	862,529	1,490,615	644,279	882,853	1,527,132
Kuwait	2,736	463	3,199	152,276	29,741	182,018	155,995	30,274	186,269
Libya	1,590	1,564	3,154	107,927	102,503	210,430	113,855	107,221	221,076
Nigeria	726	4,312	5,037	41,567	254,517	296,085	42,293	262,775	305,068
Saudi Arabia	14,337	22,114	36,450	842,289	1,314,139	2,156,429	873,930	1,360,292	2,234,222
United Arab Emirates	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)
Venezuela	5,969	15,868	21,836	299,012	794,511	1,093,522	310,497	826,351	1,136,848
Non-OPEC	131,315	155,635	286,950	5,738,297	5,653,152	11,391,449	6,044,821	6,029,379	12,074,200
Argentina	1,218	1,801	3,019	76,985	94,943	171,927	80,288	101,702	181,990
Azerbaijan	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)
Brazil	2,455	2,259	4,714	155,175	125,648	280,823	161,324	130,017	291,341
Canada	93,699	114,637	208,336	3,530,564	3,337,118	6,867,681	3,769,752	3,645,170	7,414,922
Chad	(-)	949	949	(-)	56,905	56,905	(-)	57,493	57,493
Colombia	7,181	11,102	18,282	414,917	591,585	1,006,502	428,309	611,532	1,039,841
Mexico	18,839	16,104	34,943	1,075,453	903,307	1,978,760	1,099,367	921,190	2,020,557
Norway	2,029	1,300	3,329	121,600	84,096	205,696	126,730	87,639	214,370
Russia	2,590	3,571	6,162	165,019	216,950	381,969	170,656	224,105	394,762
United Kingdom	(-)	1,030	1,030	(-)	63,125	63,125	(-)	64,647	64,647
Other Non-OPEC	3,305	2,880	6,186	198,585	179,475	378,061	208,394	185,884	394,277

NOTES:

* Data are not available on a BOP basis. For information on data sources, nonsampling errors, and definitions, see the explanatory notes in this release or at www.census.gov/ft900 or www.bea.gov/data/intl-trade-investment/international-trade-goods-and-services.

* Area data reflect the composition of the areas as of the most recent statistical period.

FOR RELEASE AT 8:30 AM EDT, April 17, 2019

MONTHLY U.S. INTERNATIONAL TRADE IN GOODS AND SERVICES, FEBRUARY 2019, SUPPLEMENT

Release Number: CB 19-50

Goods Data Inquiries

U.S. Census Bureau
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Goods Media Inquiries

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U.S. Department of Commerce
Economics and Statistics Administration
U.S. CENSUS BUREAU
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**Exhibit 1. Exports, Imports, and Balance of Goods by Selected NAICS-Based Product Code,
Not Seasonally Adjusted: February 2019**

In millions of dollars. Details may not equal total due to rounding. (X) Not Applicable. (-) Represents zero or less than one-half unit of measurement shown.

NAICS-Based Product Code Description	Balance		Exports		Imports for Consumption (Customs Value)			
	February	Year-to-Date	February	Year-to-Date	Totals		Calculated Duty	
					February	Year-to-Date	February	Year-to-Date
GRAND TOTAL	-54,542.2	-131,888.2	130,503.6	260,111.6	185,045.8	391,999.8	4,762.5	10,464.0
Agricultural, Forestry & Fishery Products	715.2	682.6	5,924.3	11,856.8	5,209.1	11,174.3	17.3	35.9
<i>(Domestic)</i>								
Agricultural Products, Total	1,806.2	3,326.9	5,270.0	10,679.3	3,463.7	7,352.5	8.0	18.4
Livestock And Livestock Products	-371.4	-792.4	152.8	299.2	524.3	1,091.6	0.2	0.6
Forestry Products, Nspf	-11.4	-82.7	162.2	329.6	173.6	412.3	0.3	0.7
Fish, Fresh Or Chilled; And Other Marine Products	-708.2	-1,769.2	339.2	548.7	1,047.5	2,317.9	8.8	16.2
Mining, Total	-489.7	-2,468.8	8,293.9	16,760.1	8,783.6	19,228.9	9.2	21.2
<i>(Domestic)</i>								
Oil And Gas	-1,346.2	-4,375.7	6,944.6	13,792.4	8,290.8	18,168.1	8.8	20.3
Minerals And Ores	856.6	1,906.9	1,349.3	2,967.7	492.7	1,060.7	0.4	0.9
Manufacturing, Total	-71,174.0	-163,180.8	89,871.0	178,110.3	161,045.0	341,291.2	4,728.0	10,396.1
<i>(Domestic)</i>								
Food And Kindred Products	-55.0	-559.9	4,838.6	9,990.7	4,893.6	10,550.6	78.8	175.6
Beverages And Tobacco	-1,193.9	-2,446.2	544.9	1,100.3	1,738.8	3,546.5	7.3	15.7
Textile And Fabrics	50.0	53.7	675.3	1,404.7	625.3	1,351.0	38.5	84.7
Textile Mill Products	-1,607.4	-3,485.8	198.7	414.0	1,806.2	3,899.8	122.6	266.7
Apparel And Accessories	-6,751.8	-14,512.1	281.9	524.1	7,033.7	15,036.2	955.4	2,093.1
Leather And Allied Products	-2,968.9	-6,425.9	221.2	448.6	3,190.1	6,874.5	355.2	774.0
Wood Products	-838.1	-1,808.3	508.3	1,054.5	1,346.4	2,862.8	36.4	76.0
Paper Products	94.4	129.1	1,822.9	3,804.1	1,728.5	3,675.0	24.6	54.4
Printing, Publishing & Similar Products	-96.9	-194.3	343.5	716.3	440.5	910.6	3.1	6.0
Petroleum And Coal Products	2,083.2	4,278.0	7,055.0	14,847.1	4,971.8	10,569.1	10.1	21.0
Chemicals	-3,018.6	-9,973.7	15,863.0	31,623.9	18,881.6	41,597.6	185.2	403.9
Plastic And Rubber Products (1)	-2,129.2	-4,847.4	2,427.2	4,895.6	4,556.4	9,743.1	193.0	423.3
Nonmetallic Mineral Products (1)	-916.1	-2,102.2	857.7	1,745.8	1,773.8	3,848.0	86.5	192.4
Primary Metal Products	-2,425.1	-6,622.8	3,966.7	7,968.2	6,391.8	14,591.0	468.3	1,061.6
Fabricated Metal Products	-2,549.8	-5,918.3	3,380.7	6,705.0	5,930.4	12,623.3	285.7	628.3
Machinery, Except Electrical	-5,316.6	-11,725.8	8,954.5	18,218.9	14,271.1	29,944.7	391.3	891.2
Computers and Electronic Products (1)	-17,929.2	-40,405.0	9,024.7	18,096.2	26,953.9	58,501.2	288.2	667.3
Electrical Equipment, Appliances and Components (1)	-5,564.4	-11,896.5	3,584.7	7,186.3	9,149.1	19,082.8	453.5	963.6
Transportation Equipment (1)	-11,744.9	-25,820.6	21,040.5	39,030.5	32,785.4	64,851.0	476.3	1,007.5
Furniture and Fixtures	-3,007.7	-6,567.2	355.7	735.4	3,363.4	7,302.6	167.2	367.7
Miscellaneous Manufactured Commodities	-5,287.9	-12,329.6	3,925.3	7,600.2	9,213.2	19,929.8	100.9	222.1
Special Classification Provisions	-3,498.3	-7,692.9	6,509.9	12,612.6	10,008.2	20,305.5	8.0	10.9
<i>(Domestic)</i>								
Scrap & Waste	1,042.5	1,925.8	1,524.7	2,914.6	482.2	988.8	0.2	0.4
Used Or Second-Hand Merchandise (1)	272.2	497.5	1,382.2	2,581.1	1,110.0	2,083.6	1.1	2.2
Goods Returned Or Reimported	-6,663.2	-13,531.9	3.5	10.7	6,666.6	13,542.7	0.5	0.8
Special Classification Provision, Nspf	1,850.1	3,415.8	3,599.5	7,106.2	1,749.3	3,690.4	6.2	7.5
Re-exports	19,904.6	40,709.4	19,904.6	40,709.4	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
Timing Adjustments	(X)	55.5	(X)	55.5	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)

(1) Export statistics for certain commodity classifications related to the aircraft industry are subject to suppression and have been aggregated in a manner that prevents the disclosure of confidential information. For additional information, see www.census.gov/foreign-trade/statistics/notices/aircraft/.

Exhibit 3. Exports, Imports, and Trade Balance of Goods

In millions of dollars. Details may not equal totals due to seasonal adjustment and rounding. (R) - Revised.

Period	Balance		Exports F.A.S. Value	Imports	
	Customs	C.I.F.		Customs value	C.I.F. Value
Seasonally Adjusted					
2018					
Jan.- Dec.	-878,700.9	-950,239.1	1,663,982.3	2,542,683.1	2,614,221.4
Jan.- Feb.	-151,246.7	-162,801.4	267,447.0	418,693.7	430,248.4
January	-74,449.1	-80,157.7	132,240.8	206,689.8	212,398.5
February	-76,797.6	-82,643.7	135,206.3	212,003.9	217,849.9
March	-69,343.1	-75,121.1	139,590.6	208,933.7	214,711.6
April	-68,217.2	-73,998.0	139,822.5	208,039.8	213,820.5
May	-65,511.2	-71,419.1	143,463.8	208,975.0	214,882.9
June	-68,726.0	-74,483.4	141,760.2	210,486.3	216,243.6
July	-72,864.9	-78,731.1	139,465.5	212,330.4	218,196.6
August	-76,180.1	-82,031.9	137,773.8	213,954.0	219,805.7
September	-77,100.5	-83,223.7	140,538.1	217,638.6	223,761.7
October	-77,719.2	-84,037.8	140,155.6	217,874.8	224,193.3
November	-71,415.5	-77,518.4	138,907.7	210,323.2	216,426.1
December	-80,376.4	-86,873.3	135,057.4	215,433.8	221,930.8
2019					
Jan.- Feb.	-143,009.7	-155,233.6	275,759.0	418,768.6	430,992.6
January (R)	-72,069.2	-78,281.8	136,907.4	208,976.6	215,189.2
February	-70,940.5	-76,951.8	138,851.6	209,792.1	215,803.4
March					
April					
May					
June					
July					
August					
September					
October					
November					
December					
Not Seasonally Adjusted					
2018					
Jan.- Dec.	-878,700.9	-950,239.1	1,663,982.3	2,542,683.1	2,614,221.4
Jan.- Feb.	-137,857.1	-148,858.6	253,275.9	391,133.0	402,134.6
January	-78,374.2	-84,147.5	125,218.6	203,592.8	209,366.1
February	-59,482.9	-64,711.2	128,057.3	187,540.3	192,768.5
March	-58,969.1	-64,672.0	149,164.4	208,133.4	213,836.4
April	-67,623.0	-73,363.3	137,647.5	205,270.5	211,010.9
May	-72,009.1	-78,145.8	144,592.8	216,602.0	222,738.6
June	-67,641.7	-73,449.1	145,133.6	212,775.3	218,582.7
July	-83,511.1	-89,559.9	133,428.9	216,940.0	222,988.8
August	-82,725.2	-88,814.2	139,760.3	222,485.5	228,574.6
September	-72,784.5	-78,730.5	139,262.2	212,046.8	217,992.7
October	-89,247.2	-95,997.4	146,983.2	236,230.4	242,980.6
November	-73,675.4	-79,796.8	140,372.9	214,048.3	220,169.7
December	-72,657.5	-78,851.5	134,360.4	207,017.9	213,211.9
2019					
Jan.- Feb.	-130,378.3	-141,998.2	260,111.6	390,489.8	402,109.8
January (R)	-74,992.1	-81,222.9	129,607.9	204,600.0	210,830.9
February	-55,386.2	-60,775.3	130,503.6	185,889.8	191,278.9
March					
April					
May					
June					
July					
August					
September					
October					
November					
December					

Exhibit 4a. Exports, Imports, and Trade Balance of Goods by Country and Area, Not Seasonally Adjusted: 2018

In millions of dollars. Details may not equal totals due to rounding. The countries in this exhibit are ranked by year-to-date totals.

(X) Not applicable. (-) Represents zero or less than one-half unit of measurement shown.

Country	Balance			Exports			Imports					
	(Customs imports)			Domestic & Foreign, F.A.S. basis			Customs basis			C.I.F. basis		
	February	Year-to-Date	Rank	February	Year-to-Date	Rank	February	Year-to-Date	Rank	February	Year-to-Date	Rank
St Helena	-1.3	-1.3	97	(-)	(-)	222	1.3	1.3	174	1.3	1.3	174
St Kitts and Nevis	15.5	30.0	180	20.2	39.3	121	4.7	9.3	136	4.8	9.7	137
St Lucia	71.0	102.8	203	74.9	107.5	85	3.9	4.7	147	4.0	4.9	147
St Pierre and Miquelon	(-)	(-)	123	(-)	(-)	226	(-)	(-)	227	(-)	(-)	227
St Vincent and the Grenadines	8.4	13.7	170	8.6	14.2	145	0.2	0.5	194	0.2	0.5	194
Sudan	6.0	7.2	160	8.2	11.0	154	2.2	3.8	151	2.4	4.0	151
Suriname	33.4	58.6	188	37.2	67.4	98	3.8	8.8	139	4.2	9.5	138
Svalbard, Jan Mayen Island	(-)	-0.2	110	(-)	(-)	223	(-)	0.2	208	(-)	0.2	208
Sweden	-500.6	-1,077.8	21	381.9	660.4	46	882.5	1,738.2	31	976.8	1,874.1	30
Switzerland	-1,167.6	-2,282.2	16	1,716.9	3,845.6	17	2,884.5	6,127.7	14	2,907.3	6,171.5	15
Syria	11.0	10.4	164	11.4	11.5	153	0.4	1.1	177	0.4	1.1	177
Taiwan	-1,312.4	-3,003.0	11	1,903.5	3,987.8	15	3,215.8	6,990.8	13	3,326.4	7,229.9	13
Tajikistan	0.3	0.8	135	0.5	1.1	196	0.1	0.2	207	0.1	0.2	207
Tanzania	0.5	-1.0	101	8.6	15.6	140	8.1	16.6	122	8.4	17.0	123
Thailand	-1,328.3	-2,943.3	12	898.9	1,927.1	25	2,227.2	4,870.5	16	2,303.9	5,044.1	16
Timor-Leste	-0.2	-0.6	105	(-)	0.1	213	0.2	0.7	185	0.2	0.7	185
Togo	25.1	59.5	189	25.9	60.9	103	0.8	1.4	171	0.9	1.5	171
Tokelau	(-)	-0.3	106	(-)	(-)	218	(-)	0.4	200	(-)	0.4	200
Tonga	1.3	2.1	144	1.4	2.5	188	0.1	0.4	201	0.2	0.5	195
Trinidad and Tobago	-121.2	-306.6	39	151.2	298.5	61	272.3	605.1	56	284.6	633.7	56
Tunisia	-48.8	-52.9	60	33.4	76.2	96	82.2	129.0	82	85.0	133.0	81
Turkey	98.5	66.7	194	784.7	1,607.4	28	686.2	1,540.7	33	720.5	1,620.0	33
Turkmenistan	0.4	1.7	141	1.1	2.7	186	0.7	1.0	178	0.7	1.1	178
Turks and Caicos Islands	29.2	64.3	193	29.7	65.6	100	0.5	1.3	176	0.5	1.3	175
Tuvalu	0.2	0.2	126	0.2	0.2	208	(-)	(-)	224	(-)	(-)	224
Uganda	-1.3	-1.0	100	5.6	12.1	151	6.9	13.2	127	7.1	13.6	127
Ukraine	52.8	90.4	198	159.4	291.1	62	106.6	200.7	74	111.5	216.4	73
United Arab Emirates	1,000.7	1,884.6	229	1,359.6	2,533.5	19	359.0	648.9	54	379.4	683.0	54
United Kingdom	656.3	887.2	226	5,612.7	10,392.6	5	4,956.5	9,505.5	7	5,037.9	9,662.1	7
Uruguay	52.3	111.0	205	79.7	174.8	73	27.4	63.9	95	28.5	66.6	95
Uzbekistan	4.0	10.4	165	5.3	12.9	148	1.3	2.4	160	1.4	2.6	160
Vanuatu	-0.9	-0.9	102	0.2	0.6	198	1.1	1.5	169	1.2	1.6	168
Vatican City	(-)	-0.3	108	(-)	(-)	(X)	(-)	0.3	204	(-)	0.3	204
Venezuela	-291.8	-787.7	28	451.6	856.4	40	743.4	1,644.1	32	762.5	1,687.4	32
Vietnam	-2,781.1	-6,164.7	6	706.5	1,317.7	31	3,487.7	7,482.4	11	3,636.1	7,805.5	11
Wallis and Futuna	(-)	(-)	119	(-)	(-)	(X)	(-)	(-)	230	(-)	(-)	230
West Bank Administered by Israel	-0.9	-1.0	99	0.1	0.4	203	1.0	1.5	170	1.0	1.5	170
Western Sahara	(-)	(-)	118	(-)	(-)	(X)	(-)	(-)	222	(-)	(-)	222
Yemen	17.3	26.3	177	17.5	26.5	128	0.2	0.2	206	0.2	0.2	206
Zambia	17.4	17.8	173	21.3	27.0	127	3.9	9.2	138	4.0	9.3	139
Zimbabwe	1.7	1.2	139	2.4	4.7	176	0.7	3.4	154	0.8	3.7	153
Unidentified (1)	(-)	(-)	(X)	(-)	(-)	(X)	(-)	(-)	(X)	(-)	(-)	(X)

